

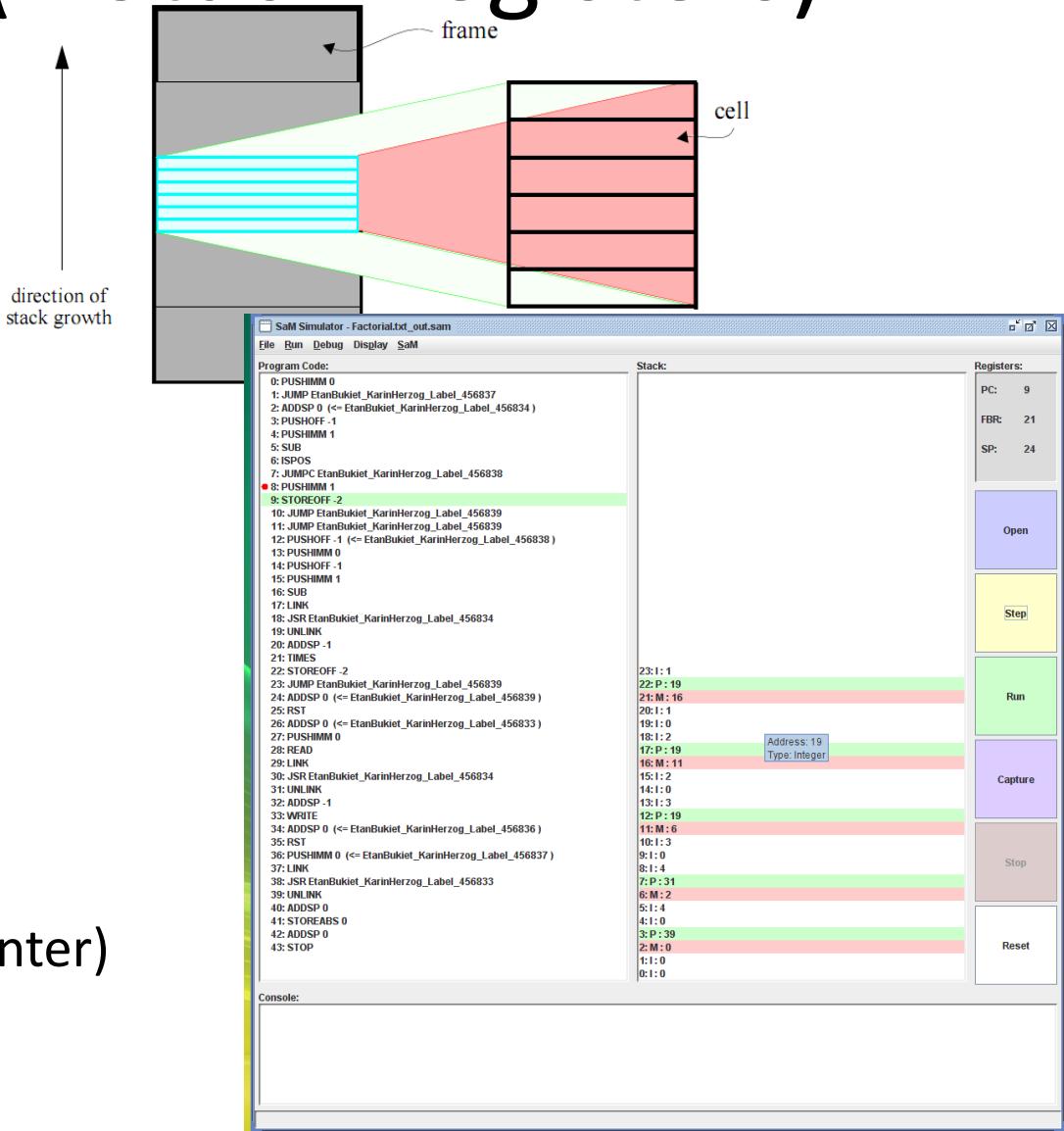
SaM Functions

About Functions

- Purpose: Encapsulate procedural information
- Control flow and call order
 - Callee vs. Caller
- Scope (Global vs. Local)
- Parameters
- Recursion
 - Each function call as a separate invocation

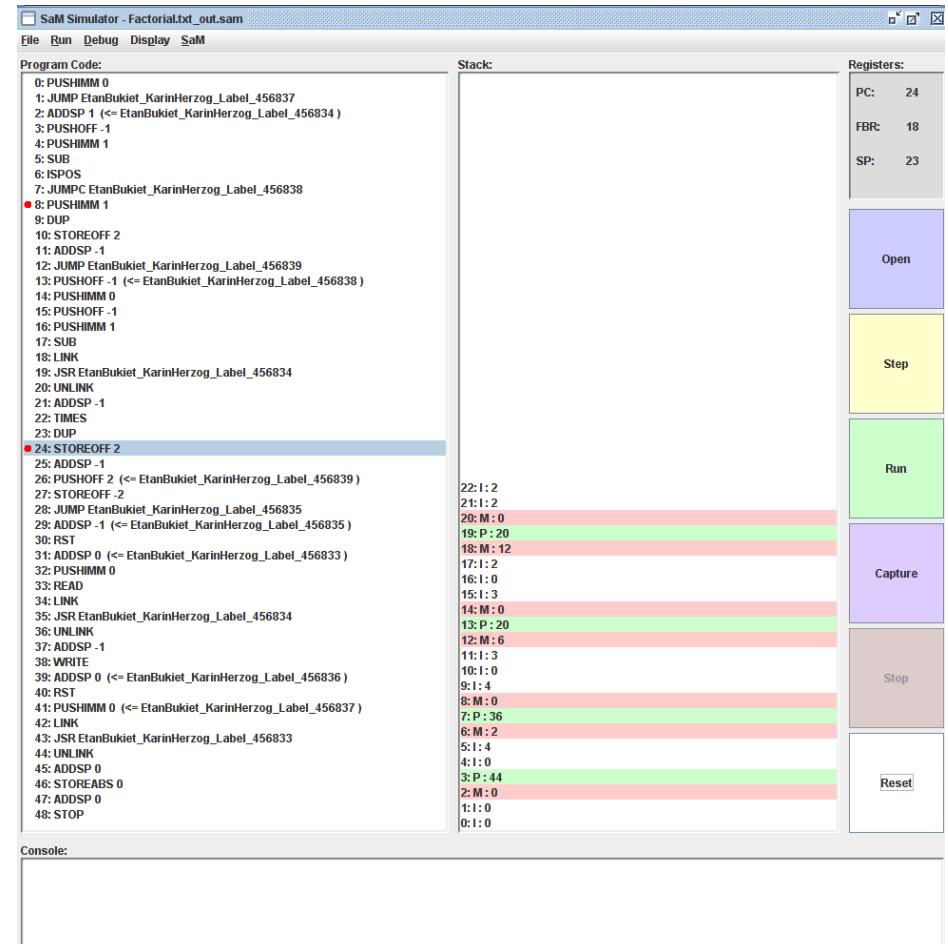
The Stack (+ Stack Registers)

- Stack Registers
 - Frame Base Register
 - Stack Point
 - Program Counter
- Functional Frames
 - Return Value
 - Parameters
 - Return Frame
 - Return Address
 - Local Variables
 - (Eventually: “this” pointer)



Program Counter, Program Addresses

- Program Counter
- Labels
- Breakpoints



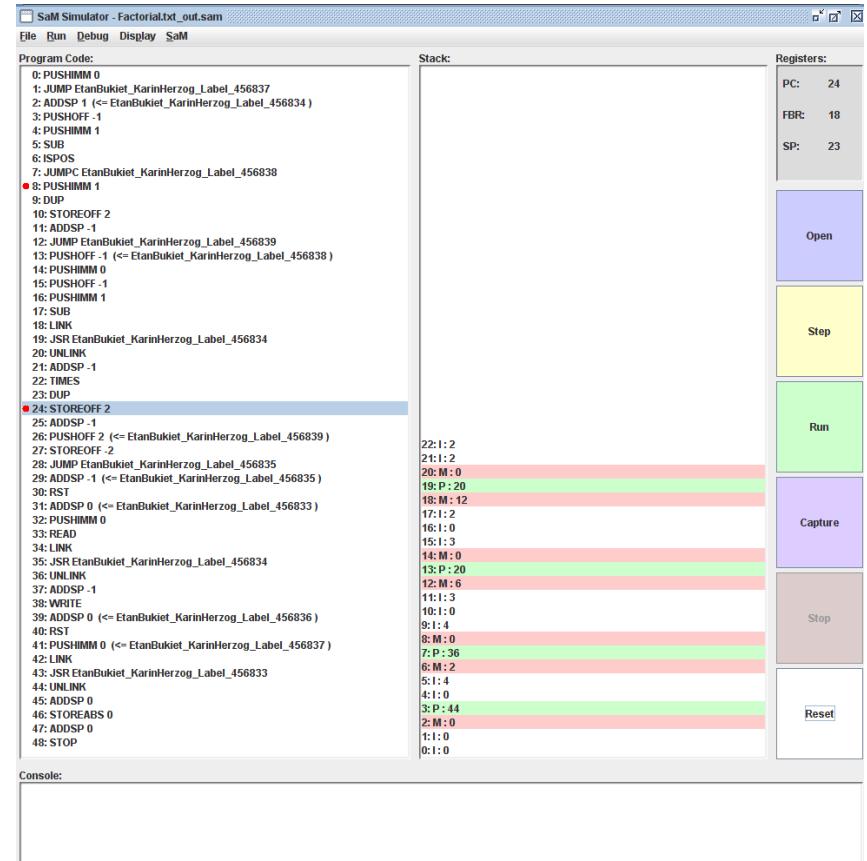
Function Calling Convention

- **Caller:**

```
// Push the function address  
// push arguments  
LINK  
PUSHSP  
PUSHIMM (2+ArgumentsSize)  
SUB  
PUSHIND  
JSIND  
UNLINK  
ADDSP -n // remove params
```

- **Callee:**

```
function_label:  
ADDSP lv // local vars  
ADDSP -lv  
RST
```



What does the stack look like?

1

Function Address (also, return var slot)

3

Function Address
OLD FBR
(Arguments)
Function Address (also, return var slot)

2

(Arguments)
Function Address (also, return var slot)

4

Function Address
OLD FBR
(Arguments)
Function Address (also, return var slot)

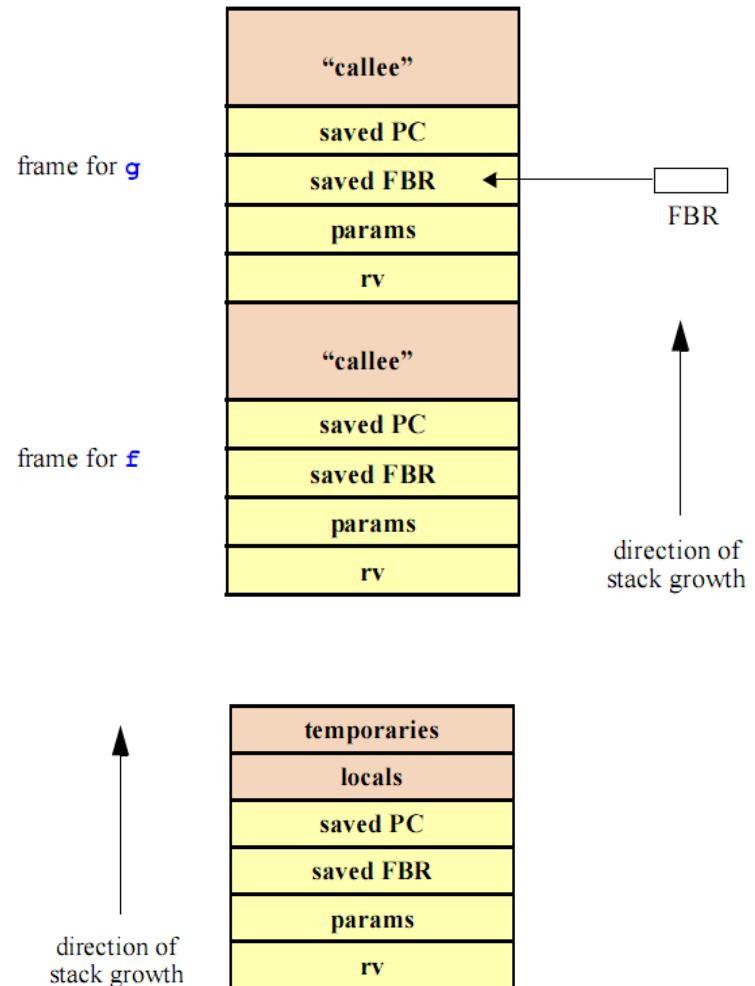
JSR and RST ?

- JSR ?

- Stack[SP] <= PC+1
- SP++
- PC <= label

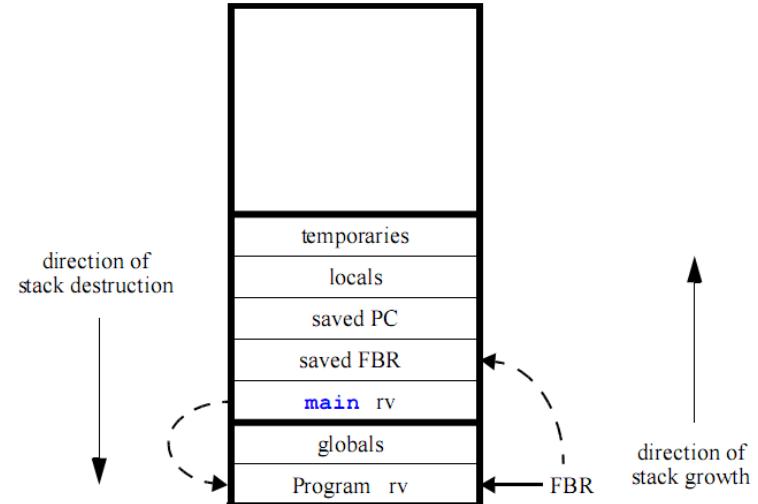
- RST ?

- PC <= Stack[SP]
- SP--



“Program” a wrapper for main?

- The FBR of “Program” is address 0
- The return variable of “Program” is address 0
- The variables of “Program” are any global variables



Returning from a method?

- If returning from a return statement:
 - Evaluate return expression
 - Store result in the return variable slot
 - De allocate local variables that have been allocated until this point
 - Jump to return from method
- At end of method
 - Block cleans up local variables associated with it
 - Write default return value to stack
 - Store result in return variable slot
 - Return-from-method label:
 - Issue RST instruction

Code Walkthrough (Bali)

```
• class Entry
• {
•     public int fact(int i)
•     {
•         if(i <= 1) { return 1; }
•         else { return i*fact(i-1); }
•     }
•     public int main()
•     {
•         print(fact(5));
•     }
• }
```

Code Walkthrough (SaM)

- PUSHIMM 0 // allocate the program return variable
- PUSHIMMPA UniqueLabel_3 // push the address of Entry::main
- LINK // copies curr FBR to stack and assigns FBR = SP
- PUSHSP // calculate the address of the
- PUSHIMM 2 // function's address
- SUB // that we already put on the stack
- PUSHIND // and retrieve it
- JSRIND // and then jump to it
- UNLINK // when we return, put the FBR back
- STOREABS 0 // put the return value of Entry::main into the
- STOP // program return slot, and STOP
- UniqueLabel_1: // Function Entry::fact
- PUSHOFF -1 // Push i (1'st argument) to the top of the stack
- PUSHIMM 1 // Push the constant 1
- GREATER // See if $i \leq 1$
- NOT
- NOT // if it's not
- JUMPC UniqueLabel_6 // then skip the if statement
- PUSHIMM 1 // Push the constant we're returning
- STOREOFF -2 // and store it in the return variable slot
- JUMP UniqueLabel_2 // and jump to the End of function label

Code Walkthrough (cont...)

- UniqueLabel_6: // otherwise ($i > 1$)
- PUSHOFF -1 // Push i
- PUSHIMMPA UniqueLabel_1 // The we need to call
- PUSHOFF -1 // Push i
- PUSHIMM 1 // Push -1
- SUB // $= i-1$ (also, argument 0 to Entry::fact)
- LINK // copies curr FBR to stack and assigns FBR = SP
- PUSHSP // calculate the address of the
- PUSHIMM 3 // function's address
- SUB // that we already put on the stack
- PUSHIND // and retrieve it
- JSRIND // and then jump to it
- UNLINK // when we return, put the FBR back
- ADDSP -1 // remove the arguments (only 1)
- TIMES // $i * \text{fact}(i-1)$
- STOREOFF -2 // set the return variable
- JUMP UniqueLabel_2 // and jump to the end-of-function label
- PUSHIMM 0 // push the default return value
- STOREOFF -2 // and store it in the return value slot
- UniqueLabel_2: // End of function label
- RST // End function: Entry::main

Code Walkthrough (cont...)

- UniqueLabel_3: // Function Entry::main
- PUSHIMMPA UniqueLabel_1 // push address of Function Entry::fact
- PUSHIMM 5 // push the argument (=5)
- LINK // copies curr FBR to stack and assigns FBR = SP
- PUSHSP // calculate the address of the
- PUSHIMM 3 // function's address
- SUB // that we already put on the stack
- PUSHIND // and retrieve it
- JSRIND // and then jump to it
- UNLINK // when we return, put the FBR back
- ADDSP -1 // remove the single argument
- WRITE // print the result
- PUSHIMM 1 // the print expression returns 1
- ADDSP -1 // since it's a statement, we need to remove that value
- PUSHIMM 0 // our function has no return statement, so push default
- STOREOFF -1 // return value and store it in the return slot
- UniqueLabel_4: // End of function label
- RST // End function: Entry::main

Code Example 2 (Code)

```
• class Entry
• {
•     int GCF(int x, int y)
•     {
•         if ((x % y) == 0) { return y; }
•         else { return GCF(y, x % y); }
•     }
•     public int main()
•     {
•         return GCF(543278, 5436);
•     }
• }
```