Overview

- · Doing I/O in Java is a little cumbersome.
- · CS211In class:
 - Methods for doing file I/O in a somewhat more convenient if less general way.
 - Makes working with heterogenous data easy
 - · Files can have combinations of
 - integers: such as 34 -456
 - words: such as if ad34 er\$rt ert:
 - operators: such as () { }
 - We will call such a thing a token.
 - · No support for floating-point numbers or strings
- Some methods specialized for writing parsers.

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CS 211In

Word

- Same rules as an identifier in Java except that: is allowed as part of the word.
- Examples:
 - Hello
 - hello
 - u789

- sdf:

Example of file that can be read

• File contains : (34 + -34 wed:

• Tokens:

- Operator: (• Integer: 34
- Operator: + • Integer: -34
- · Word: wed:
- Operator: -
- Note: white space characters are eaten up

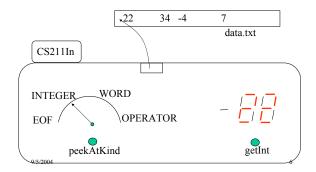
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Key CS211In Methods

- peekAtKind():
 - look at next token in input without consuming it and return an integer that encodes whether that thing is OPERATOR, WORD, INTEGER, or EOF
- getInt():
 - read an integer from file and return it
 - complain if it is not an integer
- getWord() and getOp() are similar.

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Example: add integers in a file



With error-checking

```
public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                             public static void main(String[] args)
{CS211In f = new CS211In("data.txt");//create CS211In object
                                                                             {CS211In f = new CS211In("data.txt");//create CS211In object
  int sum = 0;
                                                                               int sum = 0;
  while (f.peekAtKind() != CS211In.EOF)
                                                                               while (f.peekAtKind() != CS211In.EOF)
     sum = sum + f.getInt();
                                                                                  if (f.peekAtKind() == CS211In.INTEGER)
  System.out.println(sum);
                                                                                    sum = sum + f.getInt();
 f.close();
                                                                                    {System.out.println("File contains non-integer data.");
                                                                                     break;
This code assumes there is nothing in file other than integers.
                                                                               System.out.println(sum);
                                                                              f.close();
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```

Example with heterogenous data

 The code shown on next slide reads in heterogenous data from a file one token at a time and prints both the token and its kind on the screen.

```
File contains: (34 + -34 wed: -

Output:

Operator: (
Integer: 34
Operator: +
Integer: -34
Word: wed:
Operator: -
```

```
public static void main(String[] args)
{CS211In f = new CS211In("test1.txt");//create CS211In object
  inputLoop:
    while (true)
     {switch (f.peekAtKind()) {
      case CS211In.EOF: break inputLoop;
      case CS211In.INTEGER: {System.out.println("Integer: " + f.getInt();
                        break;
      case CS211In.WORD: {System.out.println("Word: " + f.getWord();
                      break;
      case CS211In.OPERATOR: {System.out.println("Operator: " + f.getOp();
                           break;
      default: {System.out.println("Unknown kind in file");
               break inputLoop;
 of_close();
                                                                      10
```

Additional methods in CS211In

- void match(char c):
 - if next token in input is operator c, advance filepointer past it
 - if next token in input is not c, print error message
- void match(String s).
 - similar to previous method except that it checks for word s

- boolean check(char c):
 - if the next token in the input is operator c advance past it and return true.
 - otherwise, do not advance file-pointer and return false.
- boolean check(String s):
 - similar to previous method, except that it checks for word s

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```
interface CS211InInterface {
     int INTEGER = -1, //returned by peekAtKind at integer token
       WORD = -2,//returned by peekAtKind at word token
       OPERATOR = -3,//returned by peekAtKind at operator token
       EOF = -4;//returned by peekAtKind at end-of-file
     int peekAtKind(); //returns one of the integers above
     int getInt(); //read an integer from file
     String getWord(); //read a word
     char getOp();//read an operator
     void match(char c);//verify that next thing in file is c
     void match(String s);//verify that next thing in file is s
     boolean check(char c);//is the next thing in file c?
     boolean check(String s);//is the next thing in file s?
     void pushBack();//back up by one token in the file
     int lineNo();//where are we?
     void close();
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```

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