

Lecture 10:

Lists and Sequences

(Sections 10.0-10.2, 10.4-10.6, 10.8-10.13)

CS 1110

Introduction to Computing Using Python

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Announcements

- Only if you cannot write Prelim 1 in person on Mar 30 at 6:30pm Ithaca time or have SDS exam accommodations, do the CMS "assignment" called "Prelim 1 alternate format/time request" (both Parts A & B). Request deadline is Mar 16 11:59 BA. Tonight Legitimate reasons needed to request online format and/or alternative time
 - Conflicting exam listed on University Evening Prelim Schedule
- You are not in Ithaca
- "Go to" lab weekly!! Stay on track. Great student:staff ratio!
- A2 due Mar 19 at 11:59pm
- Window to submit A1 revisions closes Mar 20 at 11:59pm



Lists Have Methods Similar to String

x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 15, 23]

- <list>.index(<value>)
 - Return position of the value
 - **ERROR** if value is not there
 - x.index(9) evaluates to 3
 - t>.count(<value>)

x id2

- Returns number of times value appears in list
- x.count(5) evaluates to 2

But to get the length of a list you use a function, not a class method:

len(x)

x.len()

Representing Lists



Lists vs. Class Objects





No Really, Lists Can Hold Any Type!



Lists of Objects



List is *mutable*; strings are not

Format:

- <var>[<index>] = <value>
- Reassign at index
- Affects folder contents
- Variable is unchanged
- Strings cannot do this
 Strings are immutable





List Methods Can Alter the List



Q1: Insert into list

- Execute the following:
 >> x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 10]
 >> x[3] = -1
- >>> x.insert(1, 2)
- What is **x[4]**?

A: 10
B: 9
C: -1
D: ERROR
E: I don't know

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At the end of swap: parameters p and q are swapped global p and q are unchanged

Recall: Attribute Assignment → swap!



At the end of swap: parameters \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{q} are unchanged global \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{q} are unchanged, attributes \mathbf{x} are swapped ²⁰

Q2: Swap List Values?



List Slices Make Copies: a slice of a list is a new list



Q3: List Slicing

• Execute the following:
>>> x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 10]
>>> y = x[1:]
>>> y[0] = 7
 What is x[1]?

A: 7
B: 5
C: 6
D: ERROR
E: I don't know

Q4

- Execute the following: >>> x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 10]
- >>> y = x
- >>> y[1] = 7
- What is **x[1]**?

A: 7
B: 5
C: 6
D: ERROR
E: I don't know

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Things that Work for All Sequences								
s = 'slithy'		(x =	[5, 6, 9, 6, 15, 5]					
s.index('s') $\rightarrow 0$ s.count('t') $\rightarrow 1$	metho	ods	x.index(5) $\rightarrow 0$ x.count(6) $\rightarrow 2$					
len(s) \rightarrow 6	built-in	n fns	$len(x) \rightarrow 6$					
$\begin{array}{l} s[4] \rightarrow \texttt{``h''}\\ s[1:3] \rightarrow \texttt{``li''}\\ s[3:] \rightarrow \texttt{`'thy''}\\ s[-2] \rightarrow \texttt{``h'''} \end{array}$	slicir	ng	$\begin{array}{l} x[4] \to 15 \\ x[1:3] \to [6, 9] \\ x[3:] \to [6, 15, 5] \\ x[-2] \to 15 \end{array}$					
s + ' toves' \rightarrow "slithy toves" s * 2 \rightarrow "slithyslithy" 't' in s \rightarrow True		operators	$\begin{array}{l} x + [1, 2] \rightarrow [5, 6, 9, 6, 15, 5, 1, 2] \\ x^{*} 2 \rightarrow [5, 6, 9, 6, 15, 5, 5, 6, 9, 6, 15, 5] \\ \hline 15 \text{ in } x \rightarrow True \end{array}$					

Lists and Strings Go Hand in Hand

text.split(<sep>): return a words in text (separated or whitespace by default</sep>	list of by <sep></sep>	<pre></pre>							
>>> text = 'A sentence is just\n a list of words'									
>>> words	Turns st	ring into a list of words							
['A', 'sentence', 'is', 'just', 'a', 'list', 'of', 'words']									
>>> lines = text.split('\n') >>> lines	Turns	Turns string into a list of lines							
['A sentence is just', ' a list of words']									
<pre>>>> hyphenated = '-'.join(words) >>> hyphenated</pre>		Combines elements with hyphens							
'A-sentence-is-just-a-list-of-words' >>> hyphenated2 = '-'.join(lines[0].split()+lines[1].split())									
>>> hyphenated2 'A-sentence-is-just-a-list-of-v	vords'	Merges 2 lists, combines elements with hyphens							

Tuples (see lesson video)

strings:		tuples*:		lists:			
immutable sequences of characters		immutable sequences of any objects		mutable sequences of any objects			
* "tuple" generalizes "pair," "triple," "quadruple,"							

- Tuples fall between strings and lists
 - write them with just commas: 42, 4.0, 'x'
 - often enclosed in parentheses: (42, 4.0, 'x')

Use lists for:

long sequences

Use tuples for:

- short sequences
- homogeneous sequencesvariable length sequences
- heterogeneous sequencesfixed length sequences
- 8 1

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