## Lecture 10: <br> Lists and Sequences

(Sections 10.0-10.2, 10.4-10.6, 10.8-10.13)
CS 1110
Introduction to Computing Using Python
[E. Andersen, A. Bracy, D. Fan, D. Gries, L. Lee,
S. Marschner, C. Van Loan, W. White]

## Sequences: Lists of Values <br> String <br> List

- $\mathbf{s}=$ 'abc d'

- Put characters in quotes
- Use \' for quote character
- Access characters with []
- $s[0]$ is 'a'
- $\mathbf{s}[5]$ causes an error
- $\mathbf{s}[0: 2]$ is 'ab' (excludes $c)$
- $s[2:]$ is 'c d'
- len(s) $\rightarrow 5$, length of string
- $x=[5,6,5,9,15,23]$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 15 |
|  |  | 23 |  |  |
- Put values inside []
- Separate by commas
- Access values with []
- $x[0]$ is 5
- x[6] causes an error
- $x[0: 2]$ is $[5,6]$ (excludes $\left.2^{\text {nd }} 5\right)$
- $x[3:]$ is $[9,15,23]$
- len $(x) \rightarrow 6$, length of list
Sequence is a name we give to both

Representing Lists


$$
x=[5,7,4,-2]
$$

## Correct:

Global Space


## Announcements

- Only if you cannot write Prelim 1 in person on Mar 30 at 6:30pm Ithaca time or have SDS exam accommodations, do the CMS "assignment" called "Prelim 1 alternate format/time request" (both Parts A \& B). Request deadline is Mar 16 11:59prn. Tonigh Legitimate reasons needed to request online format and/or alternative time
- Conflicting exam listed on University Evening Prelim Schedule
- You are not in Ithaca
- "Go to" lab weekly!! Stay on track. Great student:staff ratio!
- A2 due Mar 19 at 11:59pm
- Window to submit A1 revisions closes Mar 20 at 11:59pm

Lists Have Methods Similar to String
$x=[5,6,5,9,15,23]$
But to get the length of a list you use a function, not a class method: len( x )
$x \cdot \tan \theta$

- ERROR if value is not there
- x.index(9) evaluates to 3
- <list>.count(<value>)
- Returns number of times value appears in list
- x.count(5) evaluates to 2


## Lists vs. Class Objects

| List <br> - Attributes are indexed <br> - Example: x[2] |  |  | Objects |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Att | utes are ample: p |  |  |
| Global Space | Heap Space |  | Global Space |  | Heap Space |  |
| x id2 | id |  | p | id3 | id3 |  |
|  |  | list |  |  |  | Point3 |
|  | 0 | 5 |  |  | x | 1 |
|  | 1 | 7 |  |  | y | 2 |
|  | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | -2 |  |  | z | 3 |

## Lists Can Hold Any Type



## Lists of Objects



## List Methods Can Alter the List

$x=[5,6,5,9] \quad y=[15,16,15,19] \quad$| See Python API for |
| :---: |
| more |

- <list>.append(<value>)
- Adds a new value to the end of list
- x.append(-1) changes the list to $[5,6,5,9,-1]$
- <list>.insert(<index>,<value>)
- Puts value into list at index; shifts rest of list right
- y.insert(2,-1) changes the list to $[15,16,-1,15,19]$


## . <list>.sort()

What do you think this does?

No Really, Lists Can Hold Any Type!


## List is mutable; strings are not

> - Format:
> <var>[index>] = <value>
> " Reassign at index
> - Affects folder contents
> - Variable is unchanged

- Strings cannot do this
- Strings are immutable

```
\(x=[5,7,4,-2]\)
\(\mathrm{x}[1]=8\)
\(\mathrm{s}=\) "Hello!"
\(\mathrm{s}[0]=\) 'J'
TypeError: 'str' object does not
support item assignment
```

Global Space Heap Space


## Q1: Insert into list

- Execute the following:
$\ggg x=[5,6,5,9,10]$
$\ggg x[3]=-1$
$\ggg$ x.insert $(1,2)$
- What is $x[4]$ ?

| A: 10 |
| :--- |
| B: 9 |
| C: -1 |
| D: ERROR |
| E: I don't know |

## Recall: identifier assignment $\rightarrow$ no swap



## Q2: Swap List Values?



## Q3: List Slicing

- Execute the following:
$\ggg x=[5,6,5,9,10]$
$\gg y=x[1:]$
$\gg y[0]=7$
- What is $\mathrm{x}[1]$ ?

| A: 7 |
| :--- |
| B: 5 |
| C: 6 |
| D: ERROR |
| E: I don't know |

## Recall: Attribute Assignment $\rightarrow$ swap!



## List Slices Make Copies:

 a slice of a list is a new list$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=[5,6,5,9] \\
& y=x[1: 3]
\end{aligned}
$$


y $\mathrm{id6}$
copy means new folder
id6


## Q4

- Execute the following:
>> $x=[5,6,5,9,10]$
$\gg y=x$
$\gg y[1]=7$
- What is $x[1]$ ?

| A: 7 |
| :--- |
| B: 5 |
| C: 6 |
| D: ERROR |
| E: I don't know |

## Things that Work for All Sequences

| s = 'slithy' | $x=[5,6,9,6,15,5]$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| s.index('s') $\rightarrow 0$ | methods | x.index(5) $\rightarrow 0$ |
| s.count( t' $^{\prime}$ ) $\rightarrow$ 1 |  | x.count(6) $\rightarrow 2$ |
| len(s) $\rightarrow 6$ | built-in fns | $\operatorname{len}(\mathrm{x}) \rightarrow 6$ |
| $\mathrm{s}[4] \rightarrow \mathrm{h"}$ |  | $\mathrm{x}[4] \rightarrow 15$ |
| $\mathrm{s}[1: 3] \rightarrow$ "li" |  | $\mathrm{x}[1: 3] \rightarrow[6,9]$ |
| $s[3:] \rightarrow$ "thy" | slic | $x[3:] \rightarrow[6,15,5]$ |
| $\mathrm{s}[-2] \rightarrow$ " h " |  | $\mathrm{x}[-2] \rightarrow 15$ |
| $s+$ 'toves' $\rightarrow$ "slithy toves" |  | $x+[1,2] \rightarrow[5,6,9,6,15,5,1,2]$ |
| s*2 $\rightarrow$ "slithyslithy" |  | $\mathrm{x}^{*} 2 \rightarrow[5,6,9,6,15,5,5,6,9,6,15,5]$ |
| 't' in s $\rightarrow$ True |  | 15 in $\mathrm{x} \rightarrow$ True |

## 百 Lists and Strings Go Hand in Hand


<sep>.join(words): concatenate the items in the list of strings words, separated by <sep>.
>> text = 'A sentence is justไn a list of words'
>> words = text.split(
['A', 'sentence', 'is', 'just', 'a', 'list', 'of', 'words']
$\gg$ lines $=$ text.split( $\backslash$ n') $\quad$ Turns string into a list of lines
['A sentence is just', ' a list of words']
>> hyphenated = '-'.join(words)
>> hyphenated
'A-sentence-is-just-a-list-of-words'
hyphenated2 $=-\quad-$.join(lines[0].split) + lines(1].split) $)$
'A-sentence-is-just-a-list-of-words'

Tuples (see lesson video)


