CS4120/4121/5120/5121—Spring 2018

Programming Assignment 4 Intermediate Code Generation

Due: Thursday, March 15, 11:59PM

This programming assignment requires you to implement an *IR generator* for the Xi programming language. As discussed in class, it is difficult to translate from high-level source directly into assembly code. A solution to this problem is to perform simpler translations through *intermediate representations*. Often, compilers make use of multiple IRs, but your compiler should only use one.

0 Changes

• 3/6: Gradle daemon is no longer allowed.

1 Instructions

1.1 Grading

Solutions will be graded on documentation and design, completeness of the implementation, correctness, and style. 5% of the score is allocated to whether bugs in past assignments have been fixed.

1.2 Partners

You will work in a group of 3–4 students for this assignment. This should be the same group as in the last assignment. If not, please discuss with the course staff.

Remember that the course staff is happy to help with problems you run into. For help, read all Piazza posts and ask questions (that have not already been addressed), attend office hours, or meet with any course staff member either at the prearranged office hour time or at a mutually satisfactory time you arrange.

1.3 Package names

Please ensure that all Java code you submit is contained within a package (or similar, for other languages) whose name contains the NetID of at least one of your group members. Subpackages under this package are allowed; they can be named however you would like.

1.4 Tips

You should complete your implementation of IR generator as you see fit, but we offer the following suggestions.

Incrementally implement the translations you will apply to your source nodes to produce the IR nodes. As you write these translations, test them out using simple expressions.

Incremental development and testing are helpful. For example, a test for the correctness of a translation of an expression e need not (and should not) test for the correctness of the translations of subexpressions of e.

2 Design overview document

We expect your group to submit an overview document. The Overview Document Specification outlines our expectations.

3 Building on previous programming assignments

Use your lexer from PA1, your parser from PA2, and your type checker from PA3. Part of your task for this assignment is to fix any problems that you had in the previous assignments. Discuss these problems in your overview document, and explain briefly how you fixed them.

4 Version control

As in the last assignment, you must submit file pa4.log that lists the commit history from your group since your last submission.

5 Changes from previous programming assignments

Filenames are now required as part of error messages. In particular, when there is a lexical, syntax, or semantic error within the source, the compiler should indicate this by printing to standard output (System.out) an error message that includes the kind (lexical, syntax, or semantic) and the position of the error, in the following format:

```
<kind> error at <filename>:<line>:<column>: <description>
```

where <kind> is one of Lexical, Syntax, and Semantic.

Error reporting for interface files is similar.

If the program is semantically valid, the compiler should terminate normally (exit code 0) without generating any standard output, unless certain options are specified on the command line. (See Section 9 for details.)

6 IR model

We expect you to use the tree-based IR presented in class. You may add nodes to this IR or adjust the meaning or syntax of current nodes, but if you choose to do so, you should carefully describe and justify your changes. Note that we will be able to support you best if you use the IR presented in class.

You are required to output canonical (or lowered) IR. This means:

- All side effects (including function calls) must be at the top level as statements.
- Basic blocks should be reordered so that the "false" target of all conditional jumps is a fall-though to the appropriate label. You should also remove any unnecessary jumps that go to the very next statement, and add jumps as necessary to ensure that the control flow graph is unchanged.

6.1 Provided code

An initial Java implementation of this IR that you may build on or even use unmodified, along with an interpreter for this IR implementation, is provided in a released zip file.

All arguments to and return values from a function call should be given as children to the **CALL** and **RETURN** IR instructions. On the receiving side (the callee function, or the code after the function call), these arguments and return values will be stored in registers with the prefix _ARG or _RET, and indices starting from 0 (e.g. _ARG0, _RET1, etc).

The provided interpreter assumes these calling conventions. Please ensure that your translation uses this convention to avoid problems with grading.

7 Constant folding

For this assignment, you are also required to implement *constant folding* at the IR level. This optimization will improve the performance of your generated code by computing the values of side-effect-free expressions at compile time.

8 Xi ABI

Although your compiler will not be able to generate runnable code until after the next assignment, you will need to begin ensuring that your code will be compliant with the Xi *application binary interface* (ABI) for run-time support. You will need this run-time support for program bootstrapping, for memory management, and for I/O.

To help you with this, we are providing you with an ABI specification for your reference.

9 Command-line interface

A general form for the command-line interface is as follows:

```
xic [options] <source files>
```

Unless noted below, the expected behaviors of previously available options are as defined in the previous assignment. xic should support any reasonable combination of options. For this assignment, the following options are possible:

- --help: Print a synopsis of options.
- --lex: Generate output from lexical analysis.
- --parse: Generate output from syntactic analysis.

- --typecheck: Generate output from semantic analysis.
- --irgen: Generate intermediate code.

For each source file given as path/to/file.xi in the command line, an output file named path/to/file.ir is generated to contain the intermediate representation of the source file. The generated code should be pretty-printed as S-expressions.

- -sourcepath <path>: Specify where to find input source files.
- -libpath <path>: Specify where to find library interface files.
- -D <path>: Specify where to place generated diagnostic files.
- -0: Disable optimizations.

If specified, optimizations such as constant folding should not be performed.

We encourage but do not require you to provide the following option as part of your compiler. It will be a big help to you when debugging code generation.

• --irrun: Generate and interpret intermediate code.

For each source file, the intermediate code is generated, as with the --irgen option. The compiler then uses the provided IR interpreter to simulate execution of this expression:

```
CALL(NAME(_Imain_paai), CONST(0))
```

Per the ABI specification, this statement invokes the procedure main() with a dummy argument. Any call to the standard library functions should be simulated by the interpreter. For example, the interpreter should handle a call to print() by simply printing output to System.out.

If you are building your compiler in Java, you will get almost all of the implementation of the --irrun option in the IRSimulator class that is part of the released code. If you are building your compiler in another language, it should not be difficult to port the IR interpreter to that language or to build one from scratch.

10 Build script

Your build script xic-build from previous programming assignments should remain available. The expected behaviors of the build script are as defined in the previous assignment. The build script must be in the root directory your submission zip file. Problems within the test script from previous submissions should be fixed.

If your xic-build uses Gradle, it is now required that you do not use the Gradle daemon (at least when invoked via xic-build). This can be done by passing the CLI argument --no-daemon to gradle.

11 Test harness

xth has been updated to contain test cases for this assignment and to support testing IR generation.

To update xth, run the update script in the xth directory on the VM.

A general form for the xth command-line invocation is as follows:

xth [options] <test-script>

The following options are of particular interest:

- -compilerpath <path>: Specify where to find the compiler
- -testpath <path>: Specify where to find the test files
- -workpath <path>: Specify the working directory for the compiler

For the full list of currently available options, invoke xth.

The best way to run xth with the provided test cases is from the home directory of the VM, using the following form of command:

xth -compilerpath <xicpath> -testpath <tp> -workpath <wp> <xthScript>

where

- <xicpath> is the path to the directory containing your build script and command-line interface.
- <tp> is of the form xth/tests/pa#/, where # is the programming assignment number.
- <wp> is preferably a fresh, nonexistent compiler such as shared/xthout.
- <xthScript> is of the form xth/tests/pa#/xthScript, where # is the programming assignment number.

An xth test script specifies a number of test cases to run. Once the updated xth is released, directory xth/tests/pa4 will contain a sample test script (xthScript), along with several test cases. xthScript also lists the syntax of an xth test script.

xth was used successfully in the last iteration of the course, but bugs are always possible. Please report errors, request additional features, or give feedback on Piazza.

12 Submission

You should submit these items on CMS:

- overview.txt/pdf: Your overview document for the assignment. This file should contain your names, your NetIDs, all known issues you have with your implementation, and the names of anyone you have discussed the homework with. It should also include descriptions of any extensions you implemented.
- A zip file containing these items:
 - Source code: You should include everything required to compile and run the project. We require that xic and xic-build are at the root of the zip file.
 - If you use a lexer generator, please include the lexer input file, e.g., *.flex. Please include your parser generator input file, e.g., *.cup.
 - Your xic-build should use these files to generate source code, and you should not submit the corresponding generated source code files (e.g. *.java). Do not submit compiled versions of your own code (submitting precompiled libraries is OK).
 - Tests: You should include all your test cases and test code that you used to test your program.
 Be sure to mention where these files are in your overview document. Do not submit instructor tests or xth.

- *Libraries*: Your build process must not download anything from the internet. If your code depends on any third-party libraries, they must be included in the submission.
 - Include precompiled libraries (e.g. JAR files) when feasible, especially for large libraries. For smaller libraries, it often makes sense to include the source code directly, but be sure to make clear what is library code, e.g. by package name.
 - Do not make global environment changes in your xic-build script.

Do not include any derived, IDE, or SCM-related files or directories such as .class, .jar .classpath, .project, .git, and .gitignore, unless they are precompiled versions of third party libraries.

It is strongly encouraged that you use the zip CLI tool on a *nix platform, such as the course VM. Do not use Archive Utility or Finder on macOS as they include extraneous dotfiles, and do not use a Windows tool which does not maintain the executable bit of your xic and xic-build. It is suggested that you write a small (shell) script to pack your submission zip file, since you will be using it repeatedly throughout the course.

• pa4.log: A dump of your commit log since your last submission from the version control system of your choice.