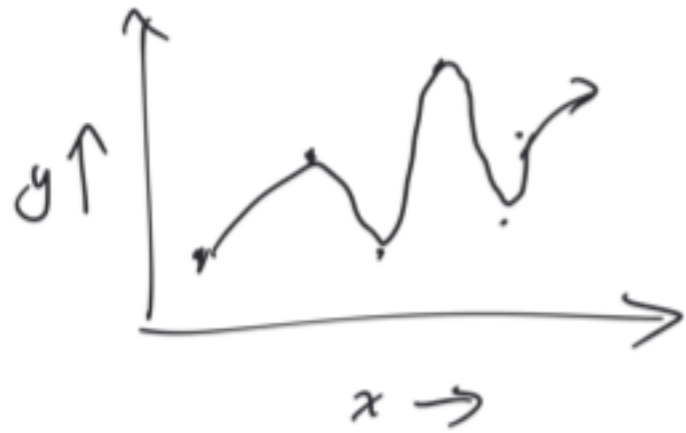


Lecture 19: Graphs

- Graph definitions
- Adjacency List / Adjacency matrix

Announcements

- Visiting lecture tomorrow after class
- assignment specs

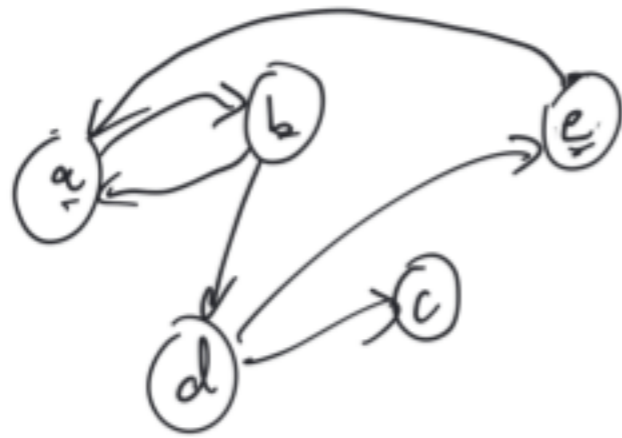


not what we mean
when we say "graph"

"directed"

graph: collection of vertices (points)
with edges connecting them

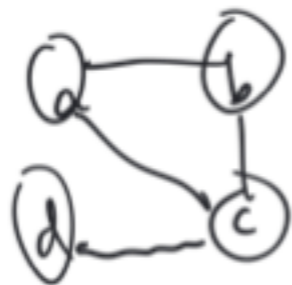
directed edge
(from u to v)



vertices: $\{a, b, c, d, e\} = V$
edges: $\{(a, b), (b, a), (b, d), (d, c), (d, e), (e, a)\} = E$

"undirected":

edges don't have a direction



Graph examples

- Map (subway system, transportation between warehouses)
 vertices: stations
 edges: connections
- physical structures in 3-D space
 vertices: points in space
 edges: beams connecting them.
- web sites:
 vertices: web pages
 edges: links from one page to another.
- Brain:
 vertices: neurons
 edges: connections between neurons.
- Social network:
 vertices: people
 edges: relationships between people (e.g. "friends")

- Heap (objects & references) as a graph



vertices: objects
 edges: references from one to another.



- Schedule exams:

vertices: classes
 edges: edge between two classes if there is a student in both

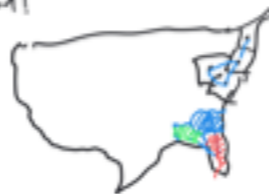
Goal: assign an exam slot to each vertex, such that adjacent classes have different times

there is an edge from one to another.

- Map coloring:

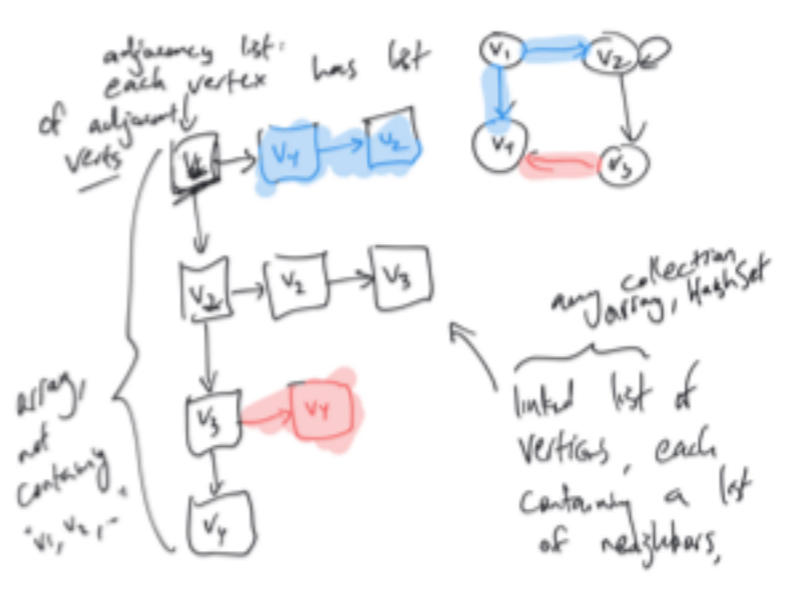
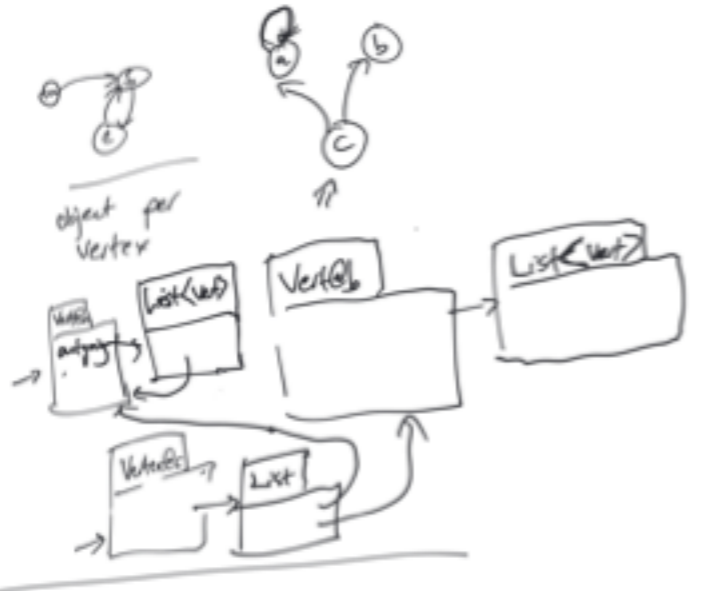
vertices: states
 edge between two states if they share a border.

Same question!



would like to color each state so that adjacent states don't have same color.

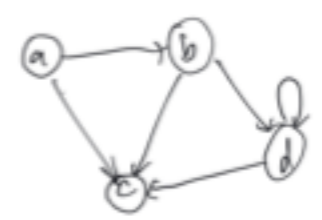
- Graph as Data Structure
- add/remove vertices/edges
 - from any vertex: iterate over outgoing/incoming edges
 - are vertices u, v adjacent?
 - how many vertices/edges exist?



- Labeled graph: there is some data associated with each edge
- Map: put travel time along each edge
 - Social network: kind of relationship
 - Network network: strength of connection
 - Communication: capacity
 - associate data with a given edge

Store all vertices in a Set,
Store all edges in a Set.

adjacency matrix:
2-D table, which has
one row, one
column per vertex



	b	a	b	c	d
a	-	-	-	-	-
b	-	-	-	-	-
c	-	-	-	-	-
d	-	-	-	-	-

Question	How good with adj. list?	How good w/ adj. matrix?
Storage space?	$O(V + E)$ one obj. for each vert., each edge	$O(V ^2)$ one entry for each pair of vertices

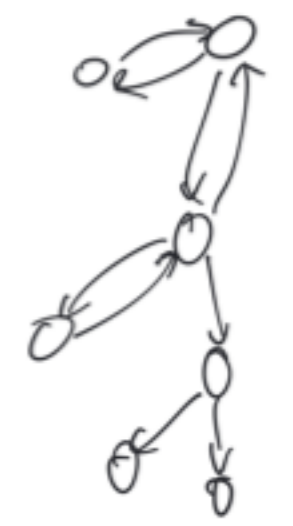
what's dense: $|E| \approx |V|^2$
largest # of edges
in a graph with $|V|$
vertices?

Complete graph
clique: everything adjacent to everything else



in worst case, every vertex has an edge to every other, up to $|V|^2$ edges.

Sparse: $|E| \ll |V|^2$



In many applications, vertices are adjacent to a constant # of other vertices.

Important operation: find all vertices u reachable
from a given vertex v (maybe find a
path from v to u .)

(graph traversal,
tomorrow)